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Independent Contractor Benchmarking (ICB)

A Fleet's Guide To Independent Contractor Success

2021 – End Of Year Analysis

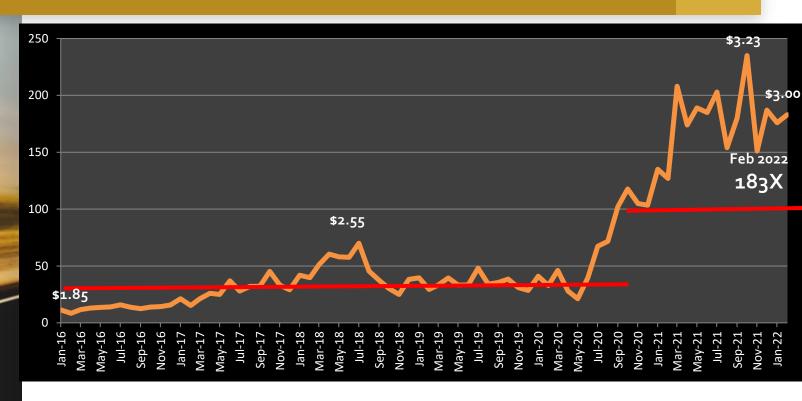
Mike Hosted - VP Sales and Marketing



What is the economic environment in trucking?



Truckstop.com Broker Load vs Truck Index

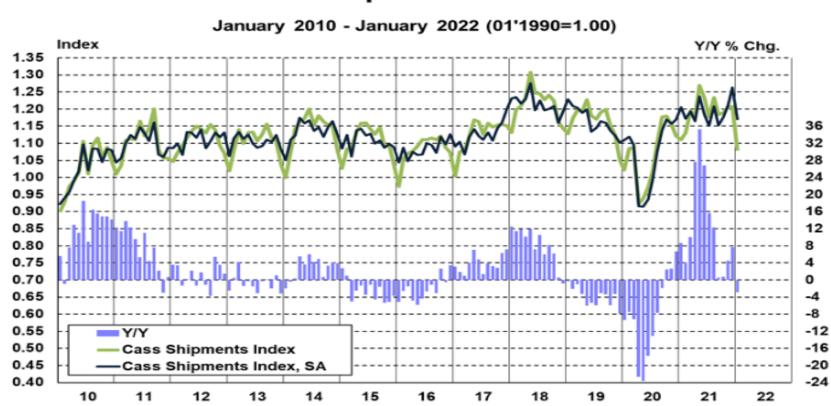




CASS Freight Index - Shipments

Source: Cass Information Systems, Inc., ACT Research Co., LLC: Copyright 2022

Cass Shipments Index®



CASS Freight Index - Expenditures

Cass Expenditures Index®

January 2010 - January 2022 (01'1990=1.00)

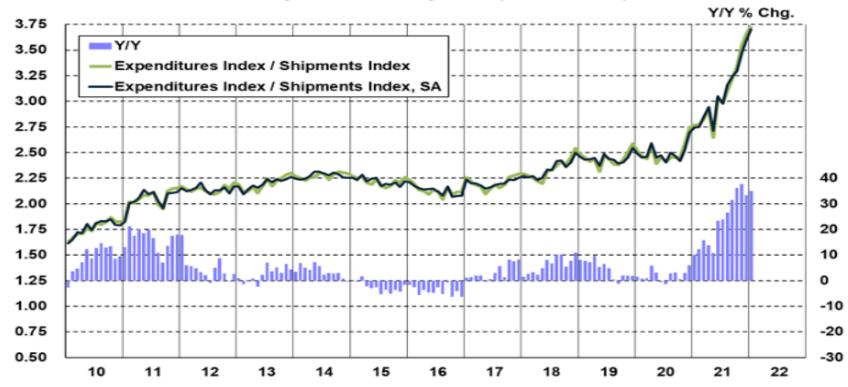


Source: Cass Information Systems, Inc., ACT Research Co., LLC: Copyright 2022

CASS Freight Index – Inferred Rates

Cass Inferred Freight Rates

January 2010 - January 2022 (01'1990=1.00)



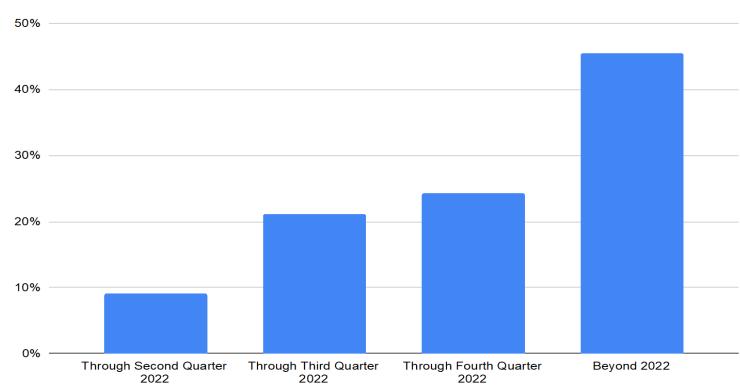
Source: Cass Information Systems, Inc., ACT Research Co., LLC: Copyright 2022

What are fleets saying now?

- Freight is still strong, especially considering it's Q1
- Pay per mile fleets increased pay 2-3 times in 2021
- All fleets would hire every driver they could, but equipment shortages are the main issue
- Good drivers were impossible to find in 1st half 2021, got a bit better in back half 2021



Market Strength Forecast - How Long Will It Last?



THE TRUCK DRIVER CAREER JOURNEY

IN THE WORLD OF TRUCKING, DRIVERS ARE OFTEN LUMPED INTO TWO MAIN CATEGORIES, COMPANY DRIVERS AND OWNER-OPERATORS. IN ACTUALITY, THERE ARE A FEW TYPES OF DRIVERS, EACH IN DIFFERENT STAGES OF THEIR CAREER. THE TRUCK DRIVER CAREER JOURNEY IS NOT A LINEAR PATH, AND MANY DRIVERS WILL TRAVEL BACK AND FORTH BETWEEN DIFFERENT STOPS ON THE JOURNEY OVER THE COURSE OF THEIR CAREERS. WE DEFINE THE DIFFERENT STOPS ALONG THE JOURNEY AS FOLLOWS:





COMPANY DRIVER

- Represents the majority of drivers
- An employee of the carrier
- Drives the carrier's truck
 Operate under the
- Dependent on the carrier for income
- · Low risk with more consistent earnings
- Typically much lower earnings than an owneroperator doing similar work

PIONEER

- First time owneroperator
- Truck is typically sourced
 Source their own truck through carrier
 - carrier's operating authority
- Manage their own revenue and expenses
- · Haul carrier's freight
- · Take advantage of carrier's buying networks



HIRED GUN

- · Experienced owneroperator
- Operate under carrier's operating authority
- Manage their own revenue and expenses
- Haul carrier's freight
- · Take advantage of carrier's buying networks



LONE RANGER

- · Experienced owneroperator
- · Source their own truck
- Operate on their own operating authority
- · Source their own freight, often rely on load boards. and factoring companies
- Often gravitate towards specialty niches
- Income fluctuates based on industry freight cycles
- · Often join associations that provide buying discounts

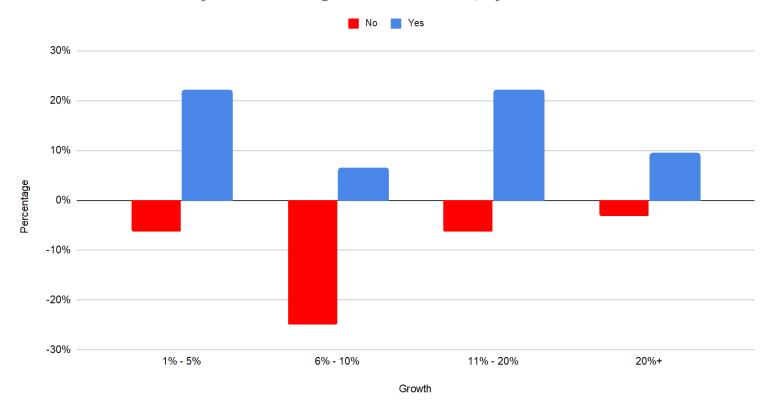


TRAIL BLAZER

- Small fleet owner (typically 2-20 trucks)
- · Typically still drive one of the trucks themselves
- · Operate either under a carrier's authority (similar to a Hired Gun) or under their own authority (similar to a Lone Ranger)
- · Complex back-office





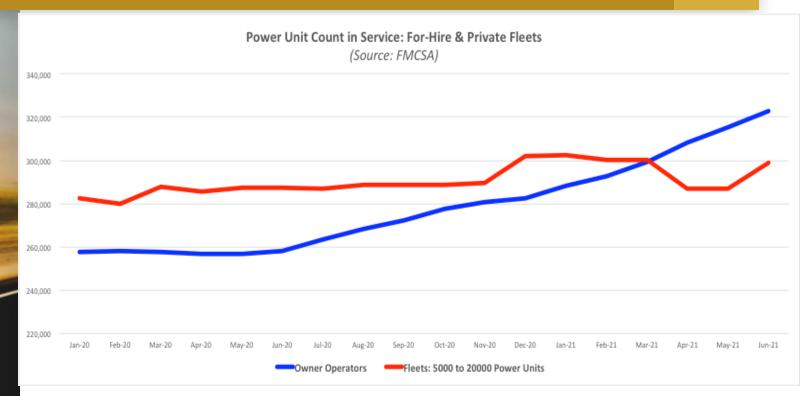


How many OOs are there?

- Estimated 3 million truck drivers in the US
 OTR, Final Mile, Port, Dump Trucks, tankers, etc
- 10% are OO, but the number seems to be rising in a great market
 - □ 1/3 Pioneer, 1/3 Hired Gun, 1/3 Own Authority
- The best current estimate is 400k to 450k

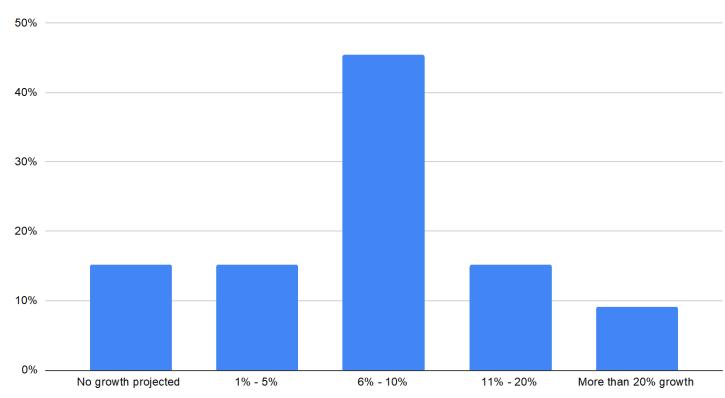


OO Truck Count vs Large Fleet Size – Covid Era

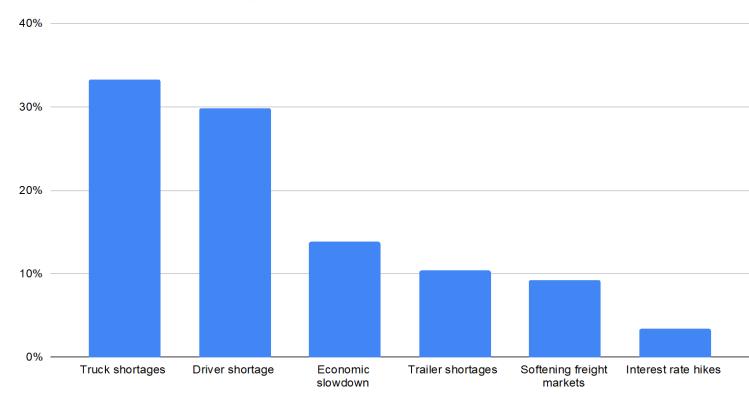








Biggest Obstacles to Growth





By Independent Contractor Segment

Independents, Dry, Reefer, Flatbed, & Average of All Segments



Methodology of Data

- Sample Size = thousands of owner-operators in each market segment
- Most recent 24 months including an average of each 12 month period (Trailing Twelve Months or TTM)
- Avg All Market Segments is a weighted average of the "segments" taking into account the percent of clients in each market segment
- Data Tables are available from ATBS

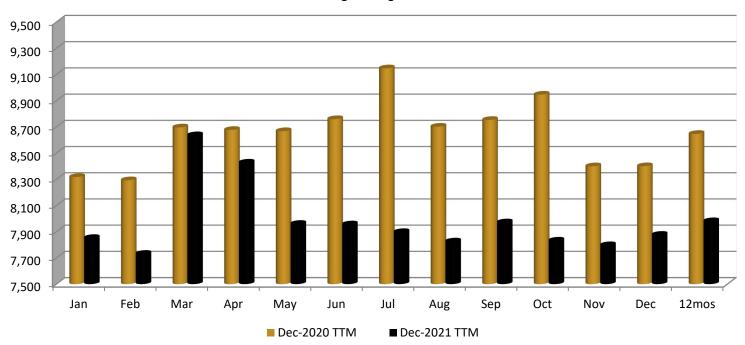


Revenue Analysis Miles, RPM, Gross Revenue

Miles – Avg All Market Segments







TTM 2020 vs TTM 2021: -7.7% -7,994 to 95,763

Independent Dry Reefer

Flat

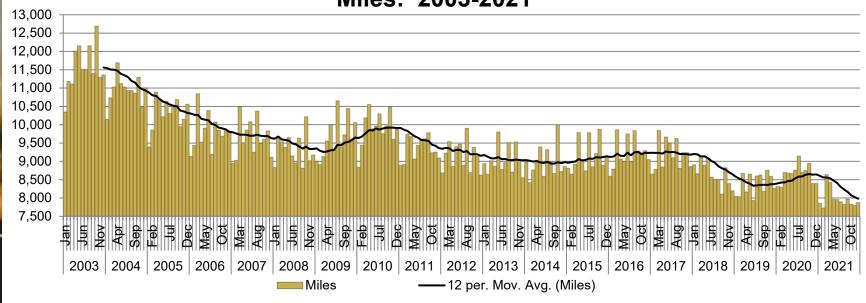
-11.7% to 82,229 - 7.1% to 101,137 - 5.4% to 109,505

- 5.7% to 82,836

Miles 2003–2021 Average All Market Segments

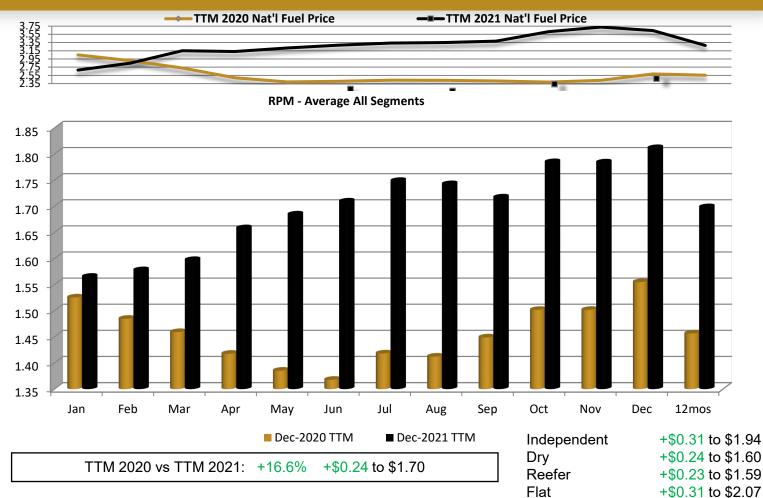






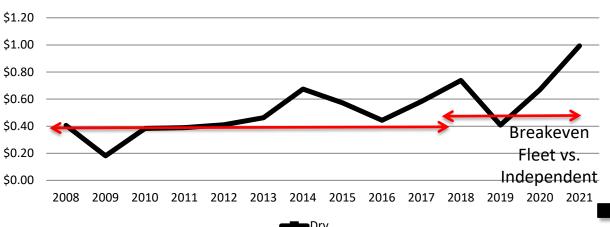
RPM – Avg All Market Segments





Spot market rates vs ATBS ICB fleet rates – 2008 to 2021

Spot market rates vs ATBS ICB fleet rates

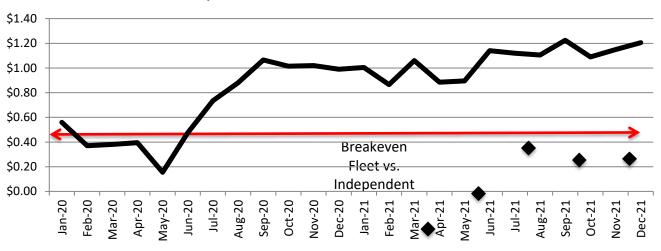


Indep Cost Increase	\$ Amount	Per Mile
License, Permit, IFTA, etc	\$3,000	0.03
Additional Insurance	\$12,500	0.11
Trailer	\$7,000	0.06
Book, Bill & Collect Loads	\$5,000	0.05
Operational Losses, ELD's (drop & Hook)	\$25,000	0.23
TOTAL	\$52,500	0.48



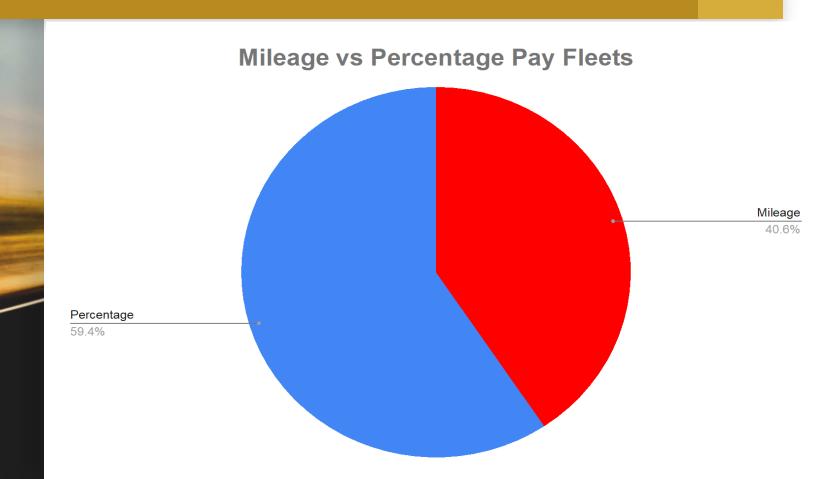
Spot market rates vs ATBS ICB fleet rates – Covid Era

Spot market rates vs ATBS ICB fleet rates

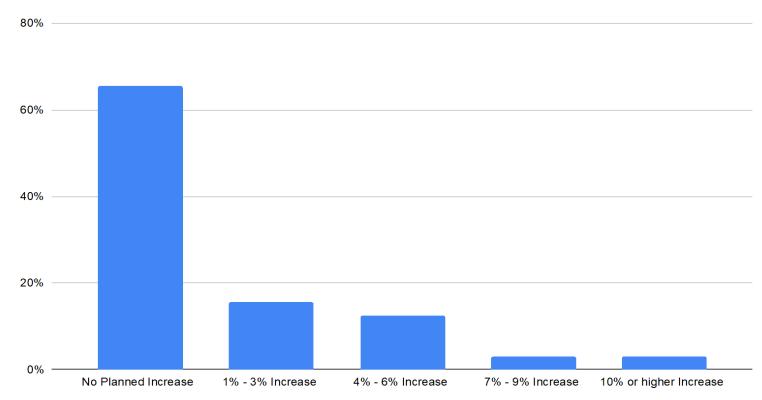


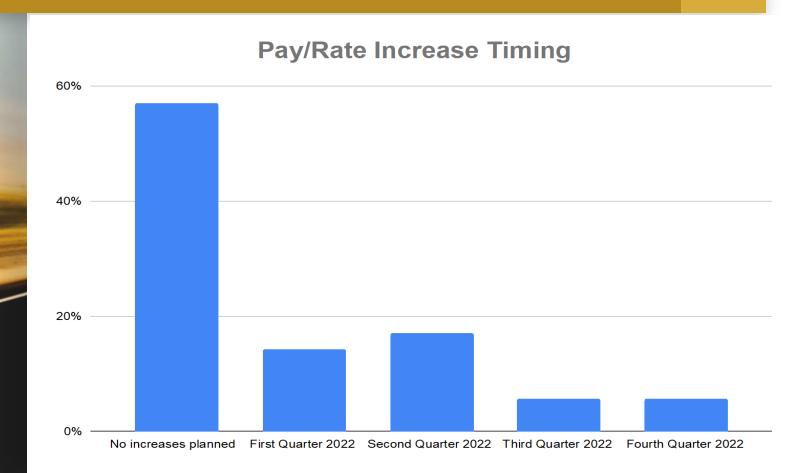
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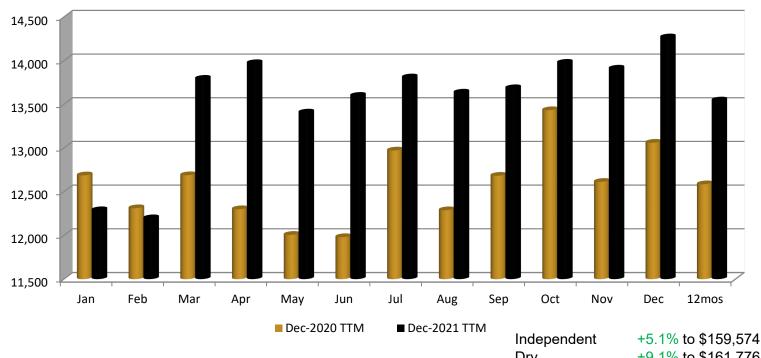




Gross Revenue – Average All Market Segments







TTM 2020 vs TTM 2021: +7.6% +\$11,515 to \$162,539

Dry Reefer Flat

+9.1% to \$159,374 +9.1% to \$161,776 +4.6% to \$163,720 +11.0% to \$171,877

Cost Analysis Fixed, Variable, Total

Cost Analysis

Fixed Costs

- Truck Payment
- Trailer Payment
- License, Permits, FHUT, Tolls, Scales
- Phys Dam Insurance
- □ Bobtail Insurance
- OccAcc Insurance
- Health Insurance

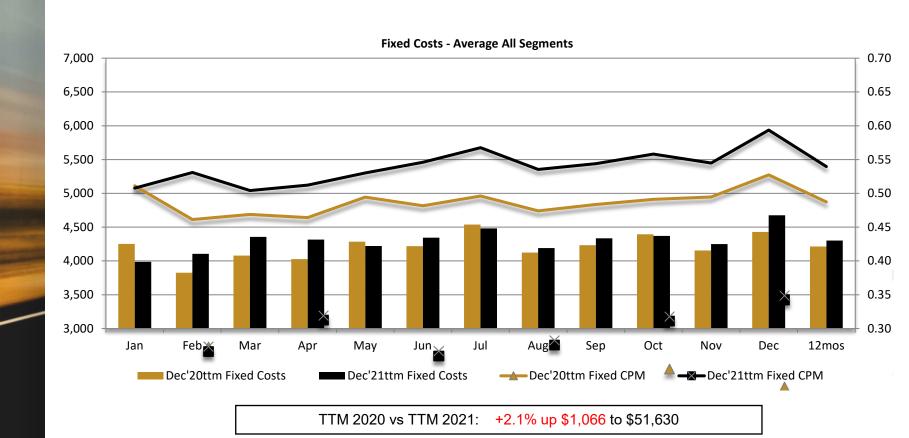
Variable Costs

- ☐ Fuel
- Maintenance
- Communication
- Hotels



Fixed Costs – Average All Market Segments

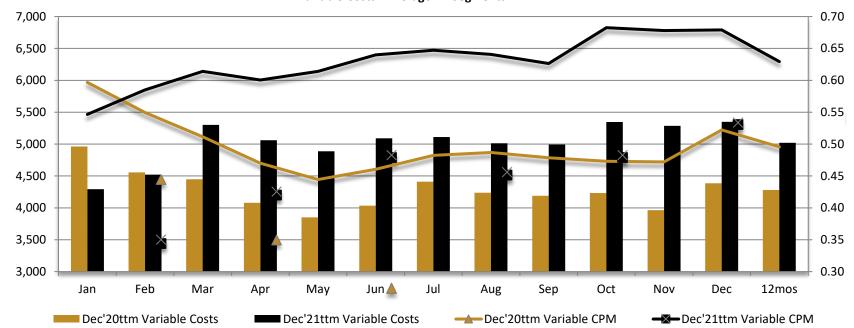




Variable Costs – Average All Market Segments



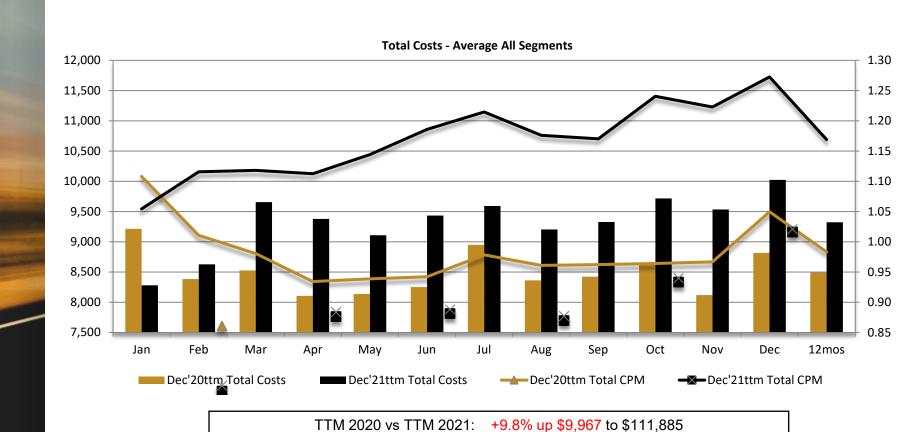




TTM 2020 vs TTM 2021: +17.3% up \$8,901 to \$60,255

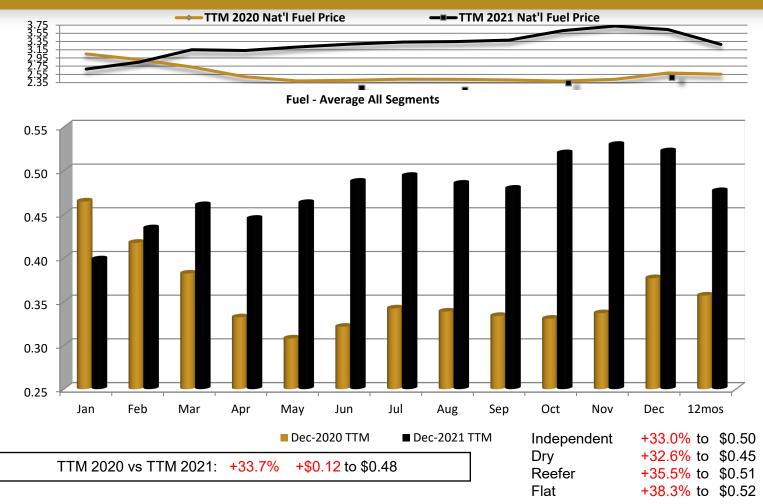
Total Costs – Average All Market Segments





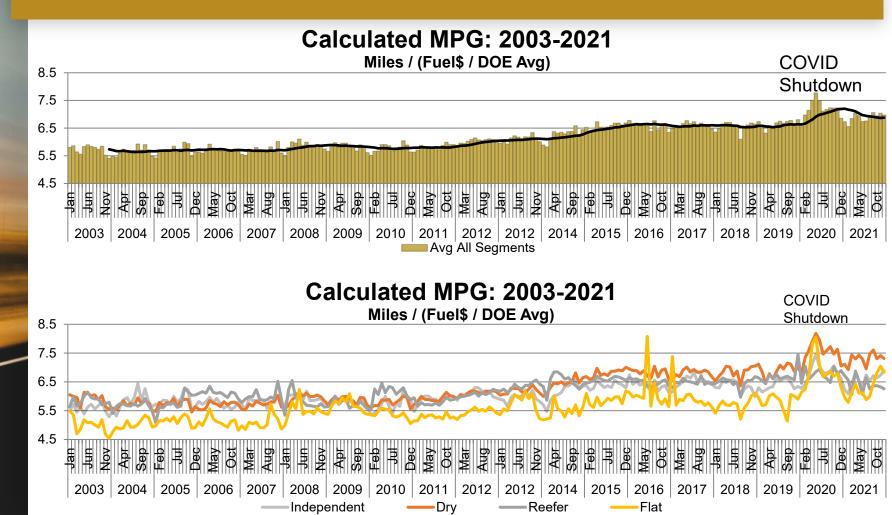
Fuel CPM – Avg All Market Segments





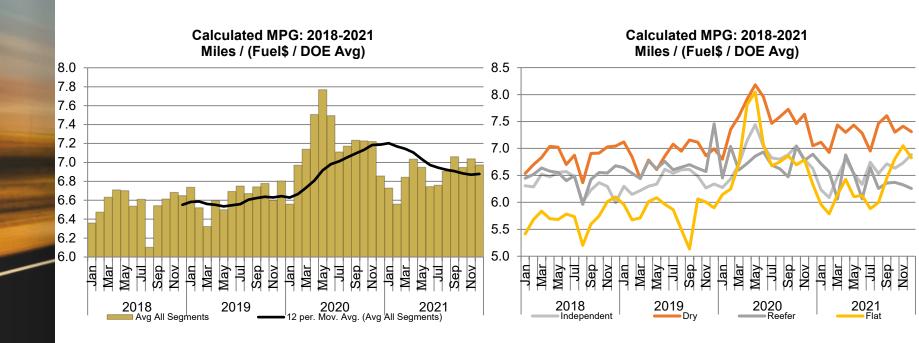
Estimated MPG





Estimated MPG

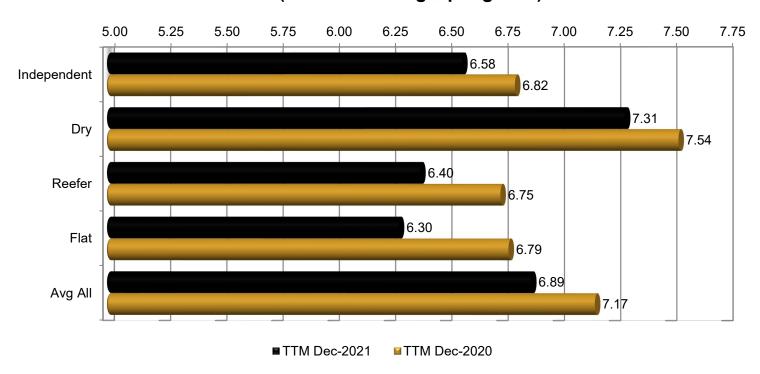




Estimated MPG

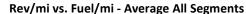


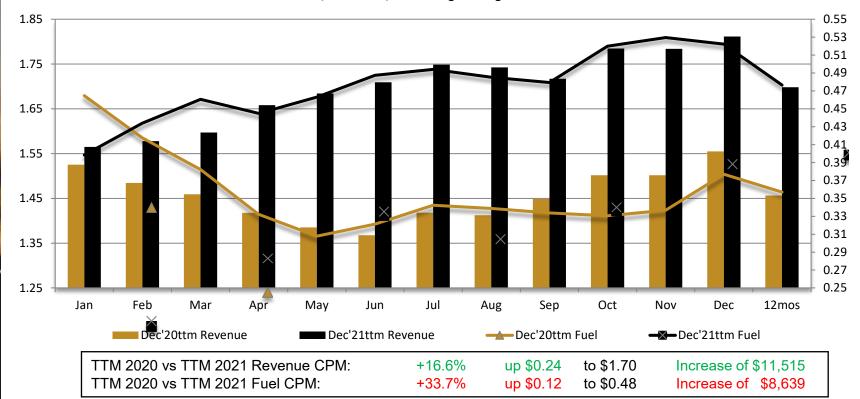
MPG (estimated) miles / (fuel \$ / DOE avg \$ per gallon)



Revenue CPM vs. Fuel CPM – Average All Market Segments







Revenue CPM vs. Fuel CPM – Average All Market Segments



		Per Mile		\$\$\$			
Trailing 12 Months	s, Ending:	Dec-20	Dec-21	Dec-20		СРМ	\$\$\$
Independent:	Revenue	\$1.63	\$1.94	\$151,770	\$159,574	\$0.31	\$7,804
	Fuel	\$0.37	\$0.50	\$34,894	\$40,981	(\$0.13)	(\$6,087)
					Profit (Loss)	\$0.18	\$1,717
Dry:	Revenue	\$1.36	\$1.60	\$148,346	\$161,776	\$0.24	\$13,430
	Fuel	\$0.34	\$0.45	\$36,860	\$45,416	(\$0.11)	
		70.0	70110	+00,000	Profit (Loss)	\$0.13	\$4,874
Reefer:	Revenue	\$1.35	\$1.50	\$156,522	\$163,720	\$0.15	\$7,198
	Fuel	\$0.38	\$0.51	\$43,785	\$56,165	(\$0.13)	(\$12,380)
					Profit (Loss)	\$0.02	(\$5,182)
Flat:	Revenue	\$1.76	\$2.07	\$154,898	\$171,877	\$0.31	\$16,979
	Fuel	\$0.38	\$0.52	\$33,073	\$43,127	(\$0.14)	(\$10,054)
					Profit (Loss)	\$0.17	\$6,925
	_		4. 7 0	* 454.004	* 400 5 00	40.04	***
All Mkt Segments:		\$1.46	\$1.70	\$151,024	\$162,539	\$0.24	\$11,515
	Fuel	\$0.36	\$0.48	\$36,966	\$45,605	(\$0.12)	(\$8,639)
					Profit (Loss)	\$0.12	\$2,876

Fuel – Why is it going up?

- Supply and Demand
- Production
- Inflation 43.6%
- Loosening COVID Restrictions
- Crisis in Ukraine



Fuel – What is fuel surcharge?

Mechanism to balance fluctuations in fuel cost

Fuel Surcharge =

[the current price of a gallon of fuel - the base price of a gallon of fuel in a shipping contract] /
the average miles per gallon of a truck

National Average on 3/11/22 = \$4.85 Base Price = \$1.25 \$4.85 - \$1.25 = \$3.60 \$3.60 / 6.5 mpg = \$0.55 CPM fuel surcharge



Fuel - How can you make money of FSC?

How can you make money? By getting better mpgs!

Miles Per Gallon	Length of Haul	Number of Gallons	Cost of Fuel	Fuel Surcharge Compensation	Gross Cost of Fuel after Fuel Surcharge	Base Price (base rate X gallons at 6.5 mpg)	Net Fuel Cost after Base Price
5 MPG	1,000	200 Gallons	\$970	\$550	\$420	\$192.31	-\$227.69
Miles	Miles	(1000 miles / 5 mpg)	(200 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$970 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - \$420)
6 MPG	1,000 Miles	166.66 Gallons	\$808.33	\$550	\$258.33	\$192.31	-\$66.02
		(1000 miles / 6 mpg)	(166.66 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$808.33 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - \$258.33)
I	1,000	142.86 Gallons	\$692.86	\$550	\$142.86	\$192.31	\$49.45 PROFIT
	Miles	(1000 miles / 7 mpg)	(142.86 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$682.86 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - \$142.86)
I	1,000 Miles	125 Gallons	\$606.25	\$550	\$56.25	\$192.31	\$136.06 PROFIT
		(1000 miles / 8 mpg)	(125 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$606.25 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - \$56.25)
9 MPG	1,000 Miles	111.11 Gallons	\$538.88	\$550	- \$11.12	\$192.31	\$203.43 PROFIT
		(1000 miles / 9 mpg)	(111.11 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$538.88 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - (-\$11.12))
10 MPG	1,000	100 Gallons	\$485	\$550	- \$65	\$192.31	\$257.31 PROFIT
	Miles	(1000 miles / 10 mpg)	(100 gallons X \$4.85)	(\$0.55 FSC X 1000 miles)	(\$485 - \$550)	(\$1.25 X 153.85)	(\$192.31 - (-\$85))



Fuel – Driving Habits

- Slow down generally, 10 mph equals 1 mpg
- Find the "sweet spot" lower RPMs burn less fuel
- Be smart with braking
- Stay in higher gears when possible
- Think about and use your tractor's momentum when possible
- Utilize cruise control when it is safe to do so
- Cut out of route miles
- Minimize idling



Fuel – What else?

- Manage Cash Flow
- Use Fuel Discount Networks
 - ☐ Use your fleets if available
 - Get a card and join a program if not with fleet
- Use Optimizers
 - Use your fleets if available
 - Get an app that can help!



Fuel – Bottom Line

- Fuel is going up
- Adjust how you do business
- Rates are still all time highs

Miles - 100,000

6 mpg - 16,667 gallons X \$4.85 = \$80,833

7 mpg - 14,286 gallons X \$4.85 = \$69,286

8 mpg - 12,500 gallons X \$4.85 = \$60,625

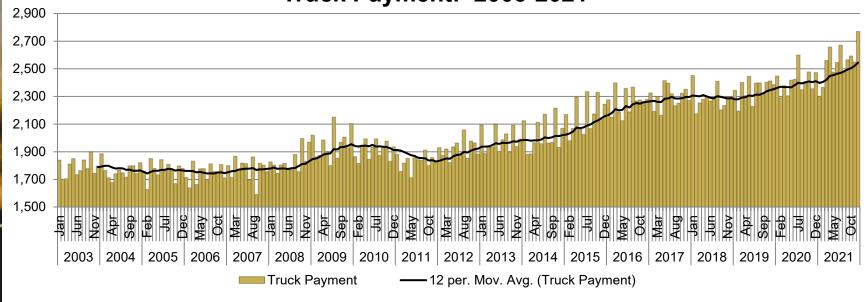
\$11,647 saved \$20,208 saved



Truck Payments 2003–2021 Average All Market Segments







Truck Shortage – What is happening?

- New Truck Orders 1 year out
 - No discounts for bulk orders
 - Carriers taking trucks that aren't even finished
- Chip Shortage
- Plants shut down last year
- Used trucks up 100% year over year
- Fleets not selling off old trucks due to lack of new trucks

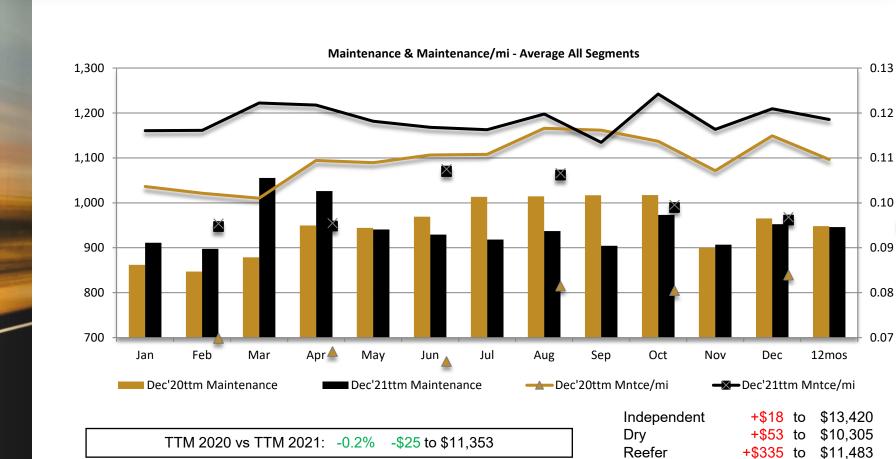


Maintenance – Avg All Market Segments



-\$1,016 to \$11,374

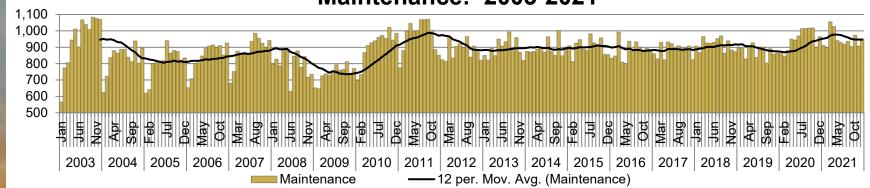
Flat



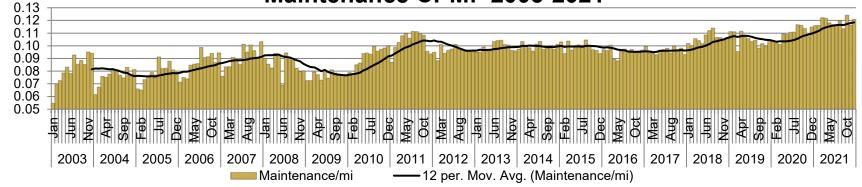
Maintenance 2003–2021 **Average All Market Segments**







Maintenance CPM: 2003-2021



Top 3 Reasons for IC Failure

- What are they?
 - 1. Maintenance
 - 2. Health/Retirement
 - 3. Finances/Taxes



IC Maintenance

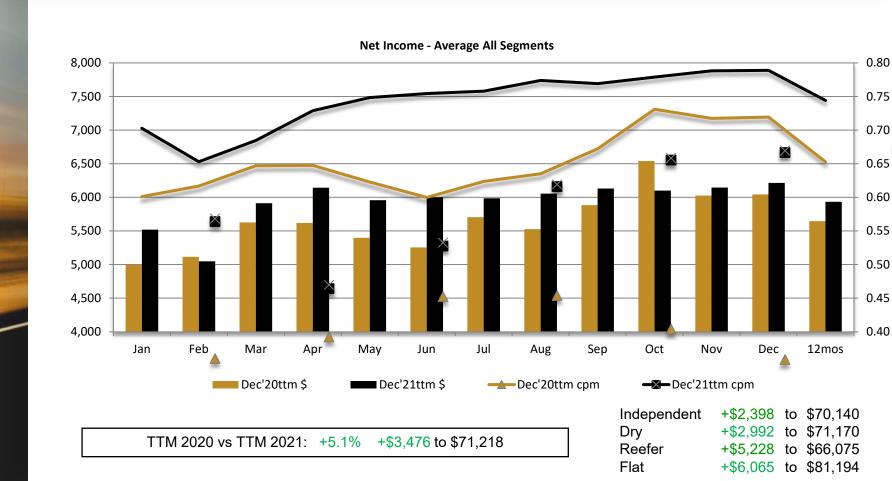
- Lack of Mechanics
- Shop rates nearing \$200 per hour
- Parts shortages
- Bigger than normal lines
- OPPORTUNITY COST



Net Income Dollars vs Cents Per Mile (CPM)

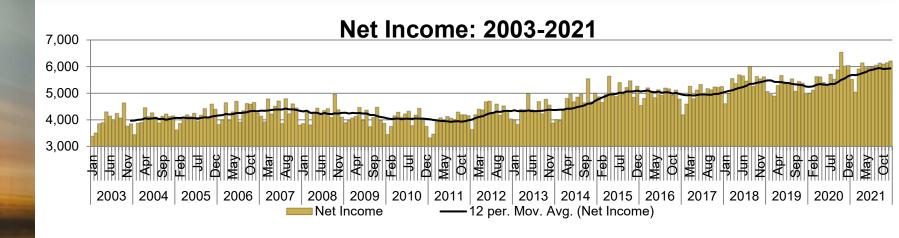
Net Income – Avg All Market Segments



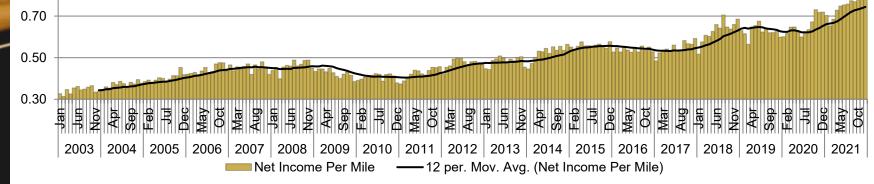


Net Income 2003–2021 Average All Market Segments



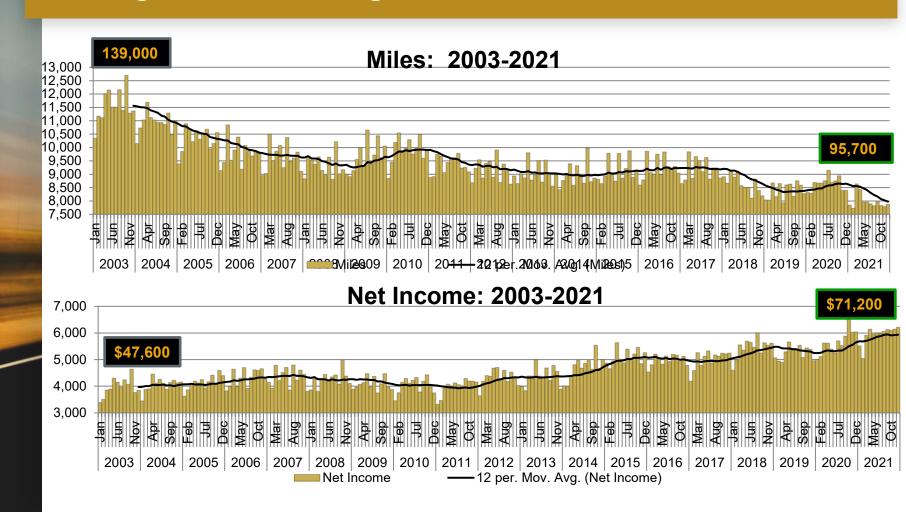






Miles vs Net Income 2003–2021 Average All Market Segments





You can't outlaw the American Dream!

- Average O/O is making \$72k Net Income
- Top 10% of O/Os making \$225k
- FMCSA granted operating authority to more than 110,000 new trucking companies in 2021



